



# How to implement a research project

# Sheila Payne on behalf of the European Association for Palliative Care

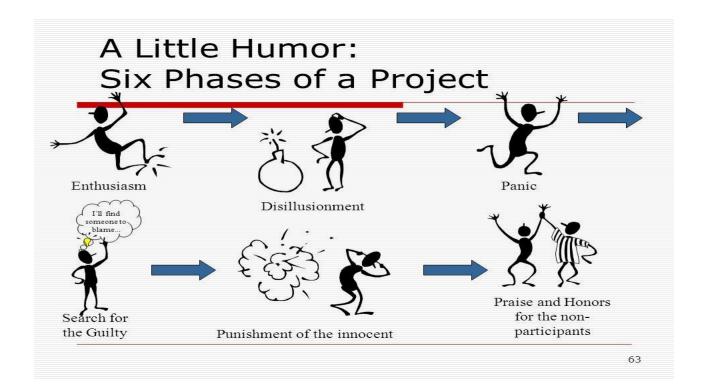
















## **Learning objectives**

- 1. To introduce the various steps required before the start and during a project
- 2. To describe considerations to ensure that projects are well managed and run on time and within budget
- 3. To explain the different requirements of project management
- 4. To discuss two examples of preparation for project initiation





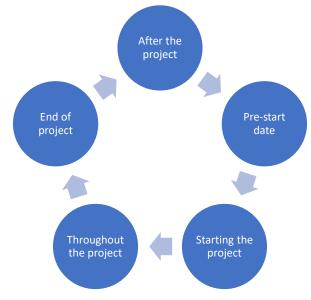
# **Key requirements**

- Staffing
- Leadership
- Funding
- Location
- Vision
- Timeline
- Achieving stability
- Managing change
- · Publicity and the media



# **Project implementation**









# Before starting the project

#### Staffing and training

- Recruit research staff
- •Induction for research staff
- Offer specific research methods training for research staff
- •Ensure that recruitment procedures are agreed and that all staff are aware of their roles and have had the necessary training such a 'Good clinical practice'

#### Research ethics and governance

- Prepare ethical approval submission
- Complete any governance requirements
- •Liaise with research sites such as hospitals, hospices, clinics, to establish links to facilitate research access
- •Establish procedures for safe data collection such as reporting 'Serious Adverse Events', lone working policies, storage and transfer of data, obtaining informed consent, etc





### **People**

People are the most important resource.

- · How many?
- · What skills and experience?
- What disciplines and backgrounds?
- Length of contracts for research staff?



# Palliative Care Research RESPACC attitude - communication - competence

# **Consider different types of staff**











## Starting the project

#### Leadership of the project

- Hold an initial meeting with the whole research to provide introductions and to explain roles and expectations
- Establish patterns of meetings for research project team
- · Communicate project time plan and milestones
- · Clarify any needs for additional equipment or resources
- · Mentorship of research staff

#### **Advisory or Steering Committee**

- •Establish project advisory group, if it is a large project, or project steering group for clinical trial
- Patient/Public Involvement in project advisory/steering group





# Leadership

- Inspire and motivate team
- Management skills
- Human resource management skills
- Negotiation skills
- Conflict resolution skills
- Emotional labour
- Budget and financial management skills
- Personal credibility and standing.





# Sharing the vision for the project

- Aims of the project
- Project plan and timelines
- · Be clear about focus of activities and effort
- Be specific about goals and outcomes deliverables
- Review and revise project plan to monitor progress





# Throughout the project

- Monitor project progress again time plan
- •Monitor project expenditure against budget
- •Monitor potential risks and establish mitigation strategies
- •Manage changes and conflict within the team
- Report to funders as required
- Dissemination planning





# Achieving stability and managing change

- Key appointments
- Employment contracts and roles
- Career development
- Building team cohesion
- Sustainable funding stream
- Good facilities
- Managing change effectively





# **End of the project**

- Complete final report
- •Safely and securely archive all study documentation as required
- Complete report to ethical board
- ·Facilitate career progression for research staff





# Challenges to setting up and managing a multidisciplinary research project

- People –attracting the 'right' people, staff retention, getting the right skill mix.
- Research career development is poorly organised and funded.
- Working in teams conflict, time consuming
- Multidisciplinary professional boundaries and values
- Leadership attracting the 'right' person.
- Budgets and funding, changing whims of funders.
- Managing changes in personnel, focus and responding to social and political changes.





Two examples of pre-project management





## **Project A - Staffing**



#### Recruitment

- Poor quality field
- Few with suitable qualifications and expertise
- Some have certain skills but not all skills required
- Most on higher salaries than funding available





# **Project B – Ethics and access**

- Ethical submission initially rejected in one region but accepted in another
- Ethical requirements not the same in different organisations
- Processing of ethical submission very slow
- Application for 'research passport' delayed
- Some hospitals now no longer able to recruit to study





## Thank you for your attention



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# **Further reading**

Aveyard, H., Payne, S. A., & Preston, N. J. (2021). A post-graduate's guide to doing a literature review in health and social care. 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Oxford University Press: Oxford.





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